

Old Exam Questions – Old Course
Composite Functions

(C3 Summer 2005)

10. The functions f and g have domains $(0, \infty)$ and $(5, \infty)$ respectively, and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^2 + 1, \\ g(x) &= 2x - 3. \end{aligned}$$

(a) Write down the ranges of f and g . [2]

(b) Give the reason why $gf(1)$ cannot be formed. [1]

(c) Solve the equation [4]

$$fg(x) = 3x^2 - 6x + 17.$$

(C3 Winter 2006)

9. The function f has domain $(-\infty, \infty)$ and is defined by $f(x) = e^x$.

The function g has domain $(2, \infty)$ and is defined by $g(x) = \ln(x^2 - 4)$.

(a) State the domain of fg . [1]

(b) Solve the equation $fg(x) = 5$. [4]

(C3 Summer 2006)

8. The function f has domain $x \geq 1$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}.$$

(a) Show that $f'(x)$ is always positive. Deduce the least value of $f(x)$. [3]

(b) Find the range of f . [1]

(c) The function g has domain $[0, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = 3x^2 + 2.$$

Solve the equation

$$gf(x) = \frac{3}{x^2} + 8. \quad [4]$$

(C3 Winter 2007)

10. The functions f and g are defined for all values of x by

$$f(x) = x + 5,$$

$$g(x) = |2x + 1| + 2.$$

Solve the inequality $fg(x) > 10$. [5]

(C3 Summer 2007)

8. The functions f and g have domains $[0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, \infty)$ respectively, and are defined by

$$f(x) = e^x,$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 1.$$

(a) Find the range of f and the range of g . [2]

(b) Find an expression for $gf(x)$, simplifying your expression as much as possible. [2]

(c) Write down the domain and range of gf . [2]

(d) Sketch, on the same diagram, the graphs of $y = f(x)$ and $y = gf(x)$ indicating where the graphs meet the y -axis. [5]

(C3 Winter 2008)

9. The functions f and g have domains $(0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$f(x) = \ln x,$$

$$g(x) = e^{4x}.$$

Find and simplify an expression for

(a) $fg(x)$, [2]

(b) $gf(x)$. [3]

(C3 Summer 2008)

10. The function f has domain $(-\infty, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = 2e^x.$$

The function g has domain $[1, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = 3 \ln x.$$

(a) Explain why $gf(-1)$ does not exist. [2]

(b) Find in its simplest form an expression for $fg(x)$. State the domain and range of fg . [5]

(C3 Winter 2009)

10. The function f has domain $[1, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = 2x - k,$$

where k is a constant.

(a) Write down, in terms of k , the range of f . [1]

The function g has domain $[0, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = 3x^2 + 4.$$

(b) Find the largest value of k that allows the function gf to be formed. [2]

(c) Given that $gf(2) = 31$, find the value of k . [4]

(C3 Summer 2009)

9. The function f has domain $(-\infty, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = 3e^{2x}.$$

The function g has domain $(0, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = \ln 4x.$$

(a) Write down the domain and range of fg . [2]

(b) Solve the equation $fg(x) = 12$. [5]

(C3 Winter 2010)

10. The functions f and g have domains $(0, \infty)$ and $(2, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^2 - 1, \\ g(x) &= 2x - 1. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Write down the ranges of f and g . [2]
- (b) Give the reason why $gf(1)$ cannot be formed. [1]
- (c) (i) Find an expression for $fg(x)$. Simplify your answer.
- (ii) Write down the domain and range of fg . [4]

(C3 Summer 2010)

10. The functions f and g have domains $[-3, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sqrt{x+4}, \\ g(x) &= 2x^2 - 3. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Write down the range of f and the range of g . [2]
- (b) Find an expression for $gf(x)$. Simplify your answer. [2]
- (c) Solve the equation $fg(x) = 17$. [4]

(C3 Winter 2011)

10. The functions f and g have domains $[0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= e^x, \\ g(x) &= 4x^3 + 7. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Find and simplify an expression for $gf(x)$. [2]
- (b) Find the domain and range of gf . [2]
- (c) (i) Solve the equation $gf(x) = 18$. Give your answer correct to three decimal places.
- (ii) Giving a reason, write down a value for k so that $gf(x) = k$ has no solution. [3]

(C3 Summer 2011)

10. The functions f and g have domains $(-\infty, 0)$ and $(6, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$f(x) = x^2 - 19,$$

$$g(x) = 1 - \frac{1}{2}x.$$

(a) Write down the range of f and the range of g . [2]

(b) Write down the domain and range of fg . [2]

(c) (i) Write down an expression for $fg(x)$.

(ii) Hence, solve the equation

$$fg(x) = 2x - 26. \quad [4]$$

(C3 Winter 2012)

10. The function f has domain $[1, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = 3x + k,$$

where k is a constant.

(a) Write down, in terms of k , the range of f . [1]

The function g has domain $[-2, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = x^2 - 6.$$

(b) Find the least value of k so that the function gf can be formed. [2]

(c) (i) Write down an expression, in terms of k , for $gf(x)$.

(ii) Given that $gf(2) = 3$, find the value of k . [5]

(C3 Summer 2012)

10. The function g has domain $(-\infty, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = \sqrt{3x^2 + 7}.$$

Solve the equation

$$gg(x) = 8. \quad [5]$$

(C3 Winter 2013)

9. (a) The functions f and g have domains $(-\infty, \infty)$ and $(0, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^2 - 25, \\ g(x) &= 2x - 3. \end{aligned}$$

- (i) Write down the domain of fg .
 (ii) Write down the range of fg .
 (iii) Write down an expression for $fg(x)$.
 (iv) Solve the equation $fg(x) = 0$. [7]

- (b) The function h is defined by

$$h(x) = \frac{2x + 7}{5x - 2}.$$

- (i) Show that $hh(x) = x$.
 (ii) **Hence** write down an expression for $h^{-1}(x)$. [3]

(C3 Summer 2013)

11. The functions f and g have domains $(0, \infty)$ and $\left(0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \ln x, \\ g(x) &= \tan x. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) (i) Write down the domain of fg .
 (ii) Write down the range of fg . [3]
 (b) (i) Solve the equation $fg(x) = -0.4$. Give your answer correct to two decimal places.
 (ii) Giving a reason, write down a value for k so that $fg(x) = k$ has no solution. [3]

(C3 Winter 2014)

10. The functions f and g have domains $(0, \infty)$ and $(-\infty, -2)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= \sqrt{x^2 + 5}, \\ g(x) &= \frac{-4}{x + 1}. \end{aligned}$$

- (a) By considering $g'(x)$, show that g is an increasing function. [2]
 (b) Write down the range of g . [2]
 (c) Write down the domain and range of fg . [2]
 (d) (i) Write down an expression for $fg(x)$.
 (ii) Hence, solve the equation

$$fg(x) = 3. \quad [5]$$

(C3 Summer 2014)

10. The functions f and g have domains $[-2, \infty)$ and $[2, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= x^2 + kx - 8, \\ g(x) &= kx - 4, \end{aligned}$$

where k is a positive constant.

- (a) Write down, in terms of k , the range of g . [1]
- (b) (i) Find the least value of k so that the function fg can be formed.
- (ii) Write down an expression in terms of k for $fg(x)$.
- (iii) Given that $fg(3) = 0$, find the value of k . [7]

(C3 Summer 2015)

10. (a) Show, by counter-example, that the following statement is false.

'If two functions h and k are such that their derivatives h' and k' are equal, then the functions h and k must themselves be equal.'

[2]

- (b) The functions f and g have domains $[7, 60]$ and $[9, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 2 \ln(4x + 5) + 3, \\ g(x) &= e^x. \end{aligned}$$

- (i) Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$.
- (ii) Write down the domain of f^{-1} , giving the end-points of your domain correct to the nearest integer.
- (iii) Write down an expression for $gf(x)$ and simplify your answer. [9]

(C3 Summer 2016)

9. The function f has domain $(-\infty, 12]$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = e^{4 - \frac{x}{3}} + 8.$$

- (a) Find an expression for $f^{-1}(x)$. [4]
- (b) Write down the domain of f^{-1} . [2]

(C3 Summer 2017)

9. The function f has domain $[2, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$f(x) = 4x + k,$$

where k is a constant.

- (a) Write down, in terms of k , the range of f . [1]

The function g has domain $[-3, \infty)$ and is defined by

$$g(x) = x^2 - 9.$$

- (b) Find the least value of k so that the function gf can be formed. [2]

- (c) (i) Write down an expression, in terms of k , for $gf(x)$.

- (ii) Given that $gf(2) = 7$, find the value of k .

[5]

(C3 Summer 2018)

10. The functions f and g have domains $(-\infty, \infty)$ and $(0, \infty)$ respectively and are defined by

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 24,$$

$$g(x) = 5 - 3x.$$

- (a) Write down the domain of fg . [1]

- (b) (i) Write down an expression for $fg(x)$.

- (ii) Hence, solve the equation

$$fg(x) = 200. [5]$$